Combinatorics and graph theory 3 - 2020/21Series 4

- 1. Find the tree width of C_n and $K_{n,n}$.
- 2. Find the tree width of graph of regular tetrahedron, cube, and octahedron.
- 3. Find the tree width of Wagner graph W_8 and the fivesided prizm (on the figure).



- 4. Show that $n \times n$ grid has tree-width at most n.
- 5. Show that $n \times n$ grid has tree-width exactly n.
- 6. Show that every planar graph is a minor of some grid.
- 7. Observe, that a graph can be obtained by a clique-sum of its torsos.
- 8. Can a tree-width go down by subdividing an edge? Can it go up?
- 9. Suppose G has a simplicial decomposition into k-colorable parts. Then G itself is k-colorable.
- 10. (*) Prove that if G has tree-width at most k, then G has a tree decomposition (T, \mathcal{V}) of width at most k such that $|V(T)| \leq n$.
- 11. (\star) A graph G is *outerplanar* if it can be drawn in plane so that every vertex of G is incident with the outer face. Prove that every outerplanar graph has tree-width at most 2.
- 12. Let G be a graph T a set and $(V_t)_{t\in T}$ a collection of sets satisfying T1 and T2 from the definition of tree decomposition. Show, that there is a tree on T for which T3 is also true IF AND ONLY IF we can write $T = \{t_1, t_2, \ldots, t_n\}$ so that for every $2 \le k \le n$ there is j < k satisfying

$$V_{t_k} \cap \bigcup_{i < k} V_{t_i} \subseteq V_{t_j}.$$

(The new condition is frequently easier to verify.)

13. A separation of a graph G is a pair (U_1, U_2) of graphs such that $G = U_1 \cup U_2$. Separations (U_1, U_2) and (W_1, W_2) are compatible if there are $i, j \in \{1, 2\}$ such that $U_i \subseteq W_j$ and $U_{3-i} \supseteq W_{3-j}$. Show that separations $S_e = (U_1, U_2)$ from the class are (for different choices of tree edges) compatible.

(Harder bonus:) On the other hand, for every system S of compatible graph separations there is a tree decomposition (T, \mathcal{V}) for which $S = \{S_e : e \in T\}$.