Mathematics++

Problem set 4 – Measure Concentration

hints after May 21, 2018, solutions due May 28, 2018

- 1. Let B and B' be unit balls in \mathbb{R}^n and let d(n) be the distance between the centers of B and B' so that the probability that a uniformly randomly chosen point of B belongs to B' with probability 1 %. Find some explicit upper bound on d(n) tending to 0 while n tends to infinity. [3]
- 2. Let P be a convex polytope in \mathbb{R}^n which is the intersection of N halfspaces. Let us assume that P contains the unit ball. Show that

$$\lambda(P) \ge \left(C\frac{n}{\ln N}\right)^{n/2}\lambda(B^n)$$

for some constant C > 0. *Hint:* Consider a sphere such that the complement of P covers exactly one half of it's surface area. [5*]

3. Construct a continuous function $f: S^{n-1} \to [0,1]$, which is not concentrated. That is, $\forall x \in [0,1]$, the set $f^{-1}([x-\frac{1}{3},x+\frac{1}{3}])$ has measure at most $\frac{2}{3}$. [3]