

## Úlohy ke cvičení

*Úloha 1:* Show that in each group holds:  $(a^{-1})^{-1} = a$ .

*Úloha 2:* Show that in each group holds  $(a \circ b)^{-1} = b^{-1} \circ a^{-1}$ .

*Úloha 3:* Determine graphs, cycles, a factorization into transpositions, the number of inversions, the sign, and the inverse permutations for the following permutations:  $p$ ,  $q$  and their compositions  $q \circ p$  and  $p \circ q$ .

(Permutations are composed as mappings, i.e.  $(q \circ p)(i) = q(p(i))$ .)

a)  $p = (1, 2, 7, 6, 5, 4, 3, 8, 9)$ ,  $q = (1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 8, 6, 4, 2)$ .

*Úloha 4:* Find a permutation on 10 elements s.t.  $p^i$  is not the identity (i.e.  $p^i \neq \text{id}$ ) for all  $i = 1, \dots, 29$ .

*Úloha 5:* Show that every permutation on  $n$  elements can be decomposed into transpositions of form  $(1, i)$  for  $i \in \{2, \dots, n\}$ .

Determine a bound of the length of the resulting factorization.