Combinatorics and Graph Theory I

Exercise sheet 5: Connectivity, ear decompositions

26 March 2018 (handing in work for this sheet is optional)

Reference: Chapter III (Flows, Connectivity and Matching), Section 2 (Connectivity and Menger's Theorem) in Bollobás *Modern Graph Theory*, 1998. Section 4.6 (2-connectivity) in Matoušek and Nešetřil, *Invitation to Discrete Mathematics*, 2nd ed. 2009.

1. The line graph L(G) of a graph G = (V, E) has vertex set E and two vertices $e, f \in E$ are adjacent iff they have exactly one vertex of G in common. By applying the vertex form of Menger's theorem to the line graph L(G), prove that the vertex form of Menger's theorem implies the edge form.

[Bollobás, Modern Graph Theory, III.6 exercise 15.]

2. Let G = (V, E) be a bipartite graph with vertex classes X and Y of sizes m and n that contains a complete matching from X to Y.

- (i) Prove that there is a vertex $x \in X$ such that for every edge xy there is a matching from X to Y that contains xy.
- (ii) Deduce that if d(x) = d for every $x \in X$ then G contains at least d! complete matchings if $d \le m$ and at least $d(d-1)\cdots(d-m+1)$ complete matchings if d > m.

[Bollobás, Modern Graph Theory, III.6 exercise 18.]

3. Prove that if G is k-connected $(k \ge 2)$, then every set of k vertices is contained in a cycle. Is the converse true?

[Bollobás, Modern Graph Theory, III.6 exercise 14. Cf. for k = 2, Matoušek & Nešetřil, Invitation to Discrete Mathematics, 2nd, ed. Theorem 4.6.3]

4. Let G be a critical 2-connected graph, i.e. G is 2-connected but no graph G-e for $e \in E(G)$ is 2-connected.

- (a) Prove that at least one vertex of G has degree 2.
- (b) For each n, find an example of a critical 2-connected graph with a vertex of degree at least n.
- (c)* For each n, give an example of a critical 2-connected graph with a vertex of degree $\geq n$ that is at distance at least n from each vertex of degree 2.

[Matoušek & Nešetřil, Invitation to Discrete Mathematics, 2nd ed. Section 4.6, Exercise 2]

- 5. Answer, with justification, the following two questions concerning ear decompositions:
 - (a) Is it true that any critical 2-connected graph can be obtained from a cycle by successive gluing of "ears" of length at least 2?
 - (b) Is it true that any critical 2-connected graph can be obtained from a cycle by successive gluing of "ears" in such a way that each of the intermeidate graphs created along the way is also 2-critical?

[Matoušek & Nešetřil, Invitation to Discrete Mathematics, 2nd ed. Section 4.6, Exercise 3]